

4. Motion in 2 and 3 dimensions: A. Z. ALZHRANI

1.

At the maximum height, what of the followings is correct?

Its velocity is zero

Its y-component velocity is zero

Its x-component velocity is zero

Its acceleration is zero

2.

To have the maximum range, a projectile must be launched at an angle of

25

35

45

60

3.

Ignoring air resistance, the acceleration of any projectile along the x-direction is (SI units)

9.8

0

varied from one to another

less than zero

4.

Ignoring air resistance, the acceleration of any projectile along the y-direction is (SI units)

9.8

0

varied from one to another

less than zero

5.

A projectile is fired at an angle of 30 above the horizontal with an initial speed of v . If the maximum range it reaches is 140 m, what its initial speed?

20 m/s

40 m/s

60 m/s

80 m/s

6.

A projectile is fired with an angle Q above the horizontal. It takes 15 s to reach its range of 135 m. What is its speed at the highest point?

- 9 m/s
- 10 m/s
- 11 m/s
- 12 m/s

7.

A projectile is fired horizontally from a height of 100 m above the ground. If it takes 2 sec to hit the ground, what is its initial speed?

- 20.2 m/s
- 30.2 m/s
- 40.2 m/s
- 50.2 m/s

8.

A projectile is fired horizontally from a building of height of 100 m above the ground. If it hits the ground at a point 20 m away from the edge of the building, what is its initial speed?

- 4.4 m/s
- 6.4 m/s
- 8.4 m/s
- 10 m/s

9.

A projectile is fired with initial speed of v at an angle Q above the horizontal. Two seconds later, the velocity of the projectile is determined to be $v(t) = 18.2 \mathbf{i} - 11.15 \mathbf{j}$ (m/s). What is its initial speed ?

- 20 m/s
- 30 m/s
- 40 m/s
- 50 m/s

10.

A projectile is fired with initial speed of v at an angle Q above the horizontal. Two seconds later, the velocity of the projectile is determined to be $v(t) = 18.2 \mathbf{i} - 11.15 \mathbf{j}$ (m/s). What is angle Q ?

- 15
- 25
- 35
- 45